

PATIENT MEDICATION INFORMATION
RHEUTOPIA (roo-toh-pee-ah) (arixalate injection, for subcutaneous use)

RHEUTOPIA Is:

- Used to treat rheumatoid arthritis in adults. RHEUTOPIA reduces painful and swollen joints, slows joint damage, and improves mobility and the ability to do physical activities.
- Used to treat polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis in children at least 4 years old who did not have good results from other medicines. RHEUTOPIA reduces pain, improves mobility, and decreases the number of painful joints.
- Used to treat ankylosing spondylitis. RHEUTOPIA reduces back pain, swelling, and improves mobility.
- Used to treat plaque psoriasis in adults who may benefit from taking medicine or receiving phototherapy (using ultraviolet light). RHEUTOPIA improves or clears up areas of skin with psoriasis.

Important Safety Information

Warnings:

- RHEUTOPIA can cause serious infections. Do not use RHEUTOPIA if you have an active infection.
- Do not use RHEUTOPIA if you are allergic to arixalate or any of the ingredients in RHEUTOPIA.

Serious side effects:

RHEUTOPIA can affect the immune system and lower your ability to fight infection. People taking RHEUTOPIA have gotten serious infections including tuberculosis (TB) and infections caused by viruses, fungi, or bacteria. Some people have died from these infections.

Stop using RHEUTOPIA and call your health care provider right away if you develop:

- Fever, cough, flu-like symptoms, or a skin infection (red, warm, painful skin or open sores).
- Numbness, tingling, weakness, vision problems, or dizziness
- Chills, swollen lymph nodes, night sweats, fever, or weight loss
- Bruising, bleeding, and pale skin
- Shortness of breath, swelling of ankles or feet, or sudden weight gain
- Chest discomfort or pain, shortness of breath, joint pain, or a rash on your cheeks or arms

Tell your health care provider before taking:

- If you have an infection, are being treated for an infection, or think you have an infection (such as cold, flu, or skin infection)
- If you have TB or have been near someone who has TB
- If you have any nervous system or heart problems
- If you have recently been vaccinated or are scheduled to receive a vaccination (including a flu shot)
- If you have lived in or traveled to other countries
- If you are taking the medicine Kineret (anakinra)

Common Side Effects

The most common side effects in adults and children include:

- Headache • Redness, rash, swelling, itching, or bruising where the injection (shot) was given
- Runny nose

These are not all of the possible side effects of RHEUTOPIA. Call your health care provider if you have side effects that worsen or do not go away. You may also report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

Directions for Use

- Use RHEUTOPIA exactly as prescribed. Your health care provider will tell you how often to use RHEUTOPIA.
- RHEUTOPIA is injected directly under the skin (subcutaneous). Do not use RHEUTOPIA until your health care provider has shown you how to give a shot.
- Store RHEUTOPIA in the refrigerator. Do not shake or freeze.
- If you forget to take a dose, take it as soon as you remember. Take your next dose at your regularly scheduled time.

Manufactured by: Drug Company Name, City, State Zip Code

The content of this Patient Medication Information has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration

Revised: Month/Year

Lisinopril
("lye-SIN-oh-pril")

Common brand names: Zestril, Prinivil
Type of drug: ACE inhibitor

Uses

Lisinopril is used for:

High blood pressure
--It can reduce high blood pressure, to help prevent strokes, heart attacks, and kidney problems

Heart failure after heart attack
--It is used to improve survival

It may also be used for:

Kidney protection
--to protect the kidneys from damage due to diabetes

WARNING: Pregnancy

Lisinopril can cause:

Harm to an unborn baby
--serious harm
--possible death

Tell your doctor right away if
--you are planning pregnancy
--think you may be pregnant.

Ask your doctor about reliable birth control.

Before Taking Lisinopril

Tell your doctor before taking Lisinopril:

If you are allergic to:

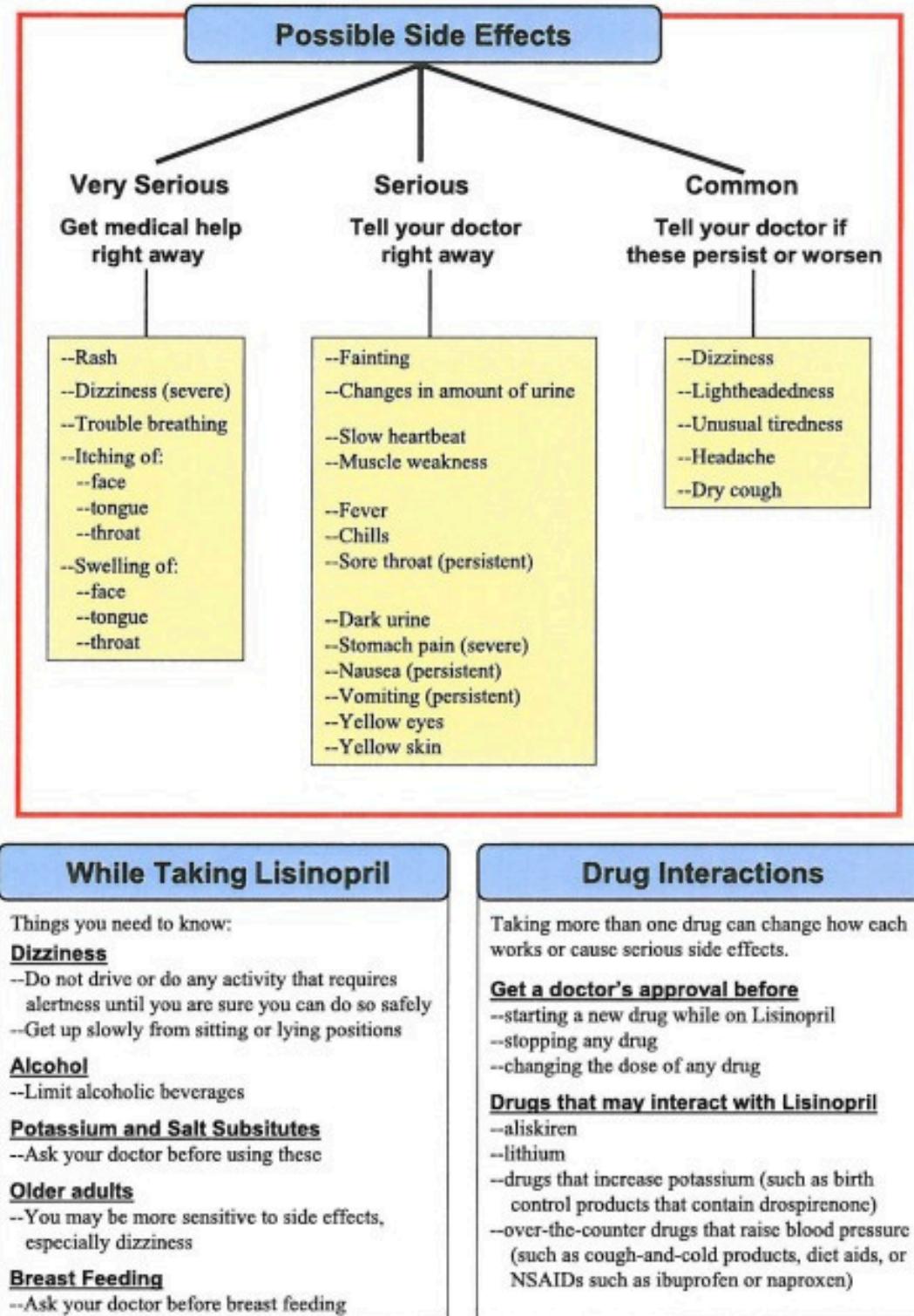
- Lisinopril
- any of its ingredients (both active and inactive)
- any other ACE inhibitor drugs (such as benazepril)

Your allergy history:

- Any of these allergic reactions:
 - swelling of the face, lips, tongue, or throat
 - high level of potassium in the blood
 - severe dehydration
 - kidney disease
 - blood vessel diseases (such as lupus)
- Any other allergies

What you are taking:

- all medicines (prescription and nonprescription)
- any supplements and herbal products



How to Take Lisinopril

Take Lisinopril by mouth

- with or without food.
- Take it regularly, as directed by your doctor

Keep taking it

- as directed by your doctor, even if you feel well.
- Most people with high blood pressure do not feel sick.

For full benefit, it may take:

- 2-4 weeks for high blood pressure treatment
- several weeks/months for heart failure treatment

Missed Dose?

- Take it as soon as you remember
- If it is almost time for the next dose
 - skip the missed dose
 - go back to your usual schedule
- Do not double the dose to catch up

Overdose?

- Symptoms may include: --severe dizziness
--fainting

Contact a poison control center (1-800-222-1222) or emergency room right away.

Storage

Store Lisinopril

- at room temperature
- away from light and moisture

Keep all drugs away from

- children and pets

Need More Information?

This leaflet does not include all side effects or other risks.

For more information:

- Ask your doctor, nurse, or pharmacist
- Go to www.dailymed.nlm.nih.gov or call 1-8xx-xxxx-xxxx

To report negative side effects to the FDA:

- Go to www.fda.gov/medwatch
- Or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

The format of this Patient Medical Information ("PMI") resulted from cognition research conducted by Dr. Ruth S. Day of Duke University and has been authorized for use by the PPLA for trademarking and licensing.

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